

## Long-Term Follow-Up After Calcaneoplasty: Does It Really Work?

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**Introduction:** Posterior heel pain due to Haglund deformity is a common cause of functional limitation in active patients. While most cases respond to conservative treatment, some require surgery. Evidence on long-term outcomes after endoscopic calcaneoplasty remains limited. The objective of this study is to evaluate long-term clinical outcomes, complications, and return to activity after endoscopic calcaneoplasty, with a minimum five-year follow-up.

**Methods:** A retrospective analysis of consecutive patients undergoing endoscopic calcaneoplasty between 2016 and 2020 after failure of  $\geq 6$  months of nonoperative treatment was performed. VAS, AOFAS, and VISA-A scores were collected preoperatively, at one year, and at five years. Return to activity and complications were recorded.

**Results:** Twelve patients (14 feet) were included, with a mean follow-up of 60 months. Significant improvement was observed in all scores ( $p < 0.001$ ). Mean VAS improved from 9.07 to 1.8; AOFAS from 38.7 to 94.6; and VISA-A from 37 to 85. Satisfaction rate was 91%. Most patients returned to their previous activity level. Complications were infrequent and mainly minor, with one reoperation.

**Conclusion:** Endoscopic calcaneoplasty provided significant and sustained pain relief and functional improvement at five years, with high satisfaction and low complication rate. Outcomes continued to improve beyond the first postoperative year, supporting the procedure as a reliable option for refractory Haglund deformity.

**Keywords:** Achilles Tendon; Surgical procedures; Calcaneus.

**DOI:** <https://doi.org/10.30795/jfootankle.2026.v20.2023>

This abstract was presented at the XXII Brazilian F&A Meeting 2026, held in São Paulo, Brazil, from April 18 to 21, 2026.